Ohio Department of TAXATION
P.O. Box 2476
Columbus, Ohio 43216-2476

(Rev. 11/01)

2001 Ohio IT-2210
Interest Penalty on Underpayment of Ohio Estimated Tax

Reset Form

For Department Use Only

Attach to Form IT-1040 or Form IT-4708

Your first name	Initial	Last Name	Your Social Security Number or F.E.I.N.
If a joint return, spouse's first name	Initial	Last Name	Spouse's Social Security Number
Your address (number and street)			Ohio County
City, town or post office, state and ZIP code			

The purpose of this form is to calculate interest penalty on underpayment of estimated taxes and to show the exceptions where no interest penalty is due.

Part 1 – Figuring your underpayment and Interest Penalty

1. 2001 Tax after all credits (2001 Form IT-1040, line 14, Form IT-1040EZ, line 10 or Form IT-4708, line 12) ..... 1. _____
2. Multiply the amount on line 1 by 90% (.90) ..... 2. _____
3. Withholding taxes from 2001 IT-1040 (line 18) plus lines 20a or 2001 IT-4708 (line 16) ..... 3. _____
4. Line 2 minus line 3. If the result is less than $500, **STOP**, you have no interest penalty ..... 4. _____
5. Enter your 2000 tax (2000 IT-1040, line 14, IT-1040EZ, line 10 or Form IT-4708, line 12 – see instructions) ..... 5. _____
6. Enter the smaller of line 2 or line 5 ..... 6. _____
7. Line 6 minus $500. If line 3 is equal to or greater than line 7, **STOP**, you have no interest penalty ... 7. _____

	Payment Due Dates			
	a 4/16/01 25%	b 6/15/01 50%	c 9/17/01 75%	d 1/15/02 100%
8. Multiply the amount on line 7 by the percentage indicated in each column. However, if you choose to annualize your income, check the box ☐ and enter the amounts from Part II, line 24, columns (a) through (d). See instructions ..... 8.				
9. Cumulative tax withheld: Multiply the amount on line 3 by the percentage above each column (see instructions) ..... 9.				
10. Cumulative estimated tax paid by the dates shown at the top of each column ..... 10.				
11. Overpayment credit carryover from 2000 Form IT-1040 or Form IT-4708. Enter this amount in all four columns ..... 11.				
12. Add lines 9, 10, and 11 ..... 12.				
13. Underpayment subject to interest penalty (line 8 minus line 12). If line 12 is greater than line 8, enter zero ..... 13.				
14. Ratio (if payment was made late, see line instructions) ..... 14.	.014795	.023178	.028767	.017452
15. Multiply the ratio on line 14 by the respective underpayment on line 13 (if partial payment was made late, see line instructions) .... 15.				

16. Total interest penalty due. Add line 15 columns (a) through (d). Enter here and on line 15 of your 2001 Form IT-1040 or line 13 of your 2001 Form IT-4708 ..... 16. _____

Schedule of Estimated Payments	
Amount Paid	Date Paid*

*Payments are deemed to have been made on the postmark date stamped on the envelope by the U.S. Postal Service.

INSTRUCTIONS

Part 1 – IT-2210 Line Instructions

Line 5 Enter your 2000 tax from line 14 of your 2000 Ohio Form IT-1040, line 10 of your 2000 Form IT-1040EZ or line 12 of your 2000 Form IT-4708. If you did not file a 2000 IT-1040, IT-1040EZ or Form IT-4708 or if your 2000 return reflected a period of less than 12 months, do not complete this line; instead, enter the amount from line 2 on line 6.

Line 8 Multiply the amount on line 7 by the percentage indicated at the top of columns (a), (b), (c), and (d). However, if your income varied during the year (e.g. you operated a business of a seasonal nature), you may be able to lower the amount of your required payment for the due dates by using a different method, called the Annualized Income Installment Method. To use this method to figure your required installments, use the Annualized Income Worksheet in Part II of this form and enter the amounts from line 24 of the Worksheet in each column of Part 1, line 8. If you use the Worksheet for any payment due date, you must use it for all payment due dates.

Line 9 Enter the amount of cumulative tax withheld for 2001. You are considered to have paid one fourth of the total amount withheld on each payment due date unless you show otherwise. For example, if your total Ohio income tax withheld for the year is $1,000, you are considered to have had $250 withheld for each payment due date, which on a cumulative basis is $250, $500, $750, and $1,000.

Line 14 The listed ratios are based upon the statutory interest rate (9% for 2001 and 7% for 2002) and the time during which the estimated payment was late. The general formula for computing the ratio is: Ratio = interest rate X numbers of days the payment is late/365. The listed ratios are computed from the payment due date at the top of each column to the following payment due date and apply **only if** the taxpayer either (1) never made the estimated payment or (2) made full payment on or after the following payment due date.

For example, the ratio in column (a) is computed by multiplying the interest rate (9%) times the number of days from the 4/16/01 estimated payment due date to the 6/15/01 estimated payment due date (60 days) and dividing by 365.

Ratio = interest rate X number of days late/365
Ratio = .09 X 60/365 = .014795

Example 1 – Assume that the underpayment shown on line 13 for the 4/16/01 due date is $1,000. Also assume that the taxpayer made no estimated payment during the period 4/16/01 through 6/15/01. The taxpayer will compute interest penalty for the period 4/16/01 through 6/15/01 by multiplying the underpayment shown on line 13, column (a) by the ratio .014795 shown on line 14, column (a).

However, if the taxpayer made **full** payment of the required estimated payment after the 4/16/01 due date but prior to the 6/15/01 payment due date, then the taxpayer should ignore the ratio shown on line 14 and recompute the ratio based upon the general formula. See Example 2.

Example 2 – Assume that the underpayment shown on line 13 for the 4/16/01 due date is $1,000. Also assume that the taxpayer paid this full amount on 5/15/01 (which is after the 4/16/01 payment due date but prior to the next payment due date, 6/15/01). The taxpayer should calculate the ratio as follows:

Step 1. Determine the number of days from the date the payment was due (4/16/01) to the date the payment was paid (5/15/01) 4/16/01 to 5/15/01 = 29 days

Step 2. Calculate the ratio using the following formula:

Ratio = interest rate X number of days late/365
Ratio = .09 X 29/365 = .007151

The taxpayer should enter the recomputed ratio .007151 in the space provided in column (a) on line 14 and then compute interest penalty for the period 4/16/01 through 5/15/01 by multiplying the underpayment by the recomputed ratio. This method applies **only** if the taxpayer actually made **full** payment of the required estimated payment after the due date but prior to the next payment due date. If the taxpayer made a partial payment after the due date, see Example 3, below.

Line 15 Multiply the ratio on line 14 by the respective underpayment on line 13. However, if a **partial payment** is made after the payment due date but prior to the next payment due date, ignore the ratio on line 14 and compute the interest penalty on the underpayment for the periods both before **and** after the partial payment using the following formula:

Interest penalty = underpayment X interest rate X number of days late/365

Example 3 – Assume that the underpayment shown on line 13 for 4/16/01 is $1,000 and that the taxpayer paid $600 of this amount on 5/15/01 (which is after the 4/16/01 payment due date but prior to the next payment due date of 6/15/01). The interest penalty for column (a) on line 15 should be calculated as follows:

Step 1. Determine the number of days from the 4/16/01 payment due date to the 5/15/01 date of the partial payment: 4/16/01 to 5/15/01 = 29 days.

Step 2. Calculate the interest penalty on the $1,000 underpayment for the 29-day period from 4/16/01 to the 5/15/01 partial payment date using the formula:

$$\text{Interest Penalty} = \text{underpayment} \times \text{interest rate} \times \frac{\text{number of days late}}{365}$$

Interest penalty = $1,000 x .09 x 29/365 = $7.15

Step 3. Determine the number of days from the 5/15/01 payment date to the next required due date of 6/15/01: 5/15/01 to 6/15/01 = 31 days.

Step 4. Calculate the interest penalty on the $400 ($1,000-$600) underpayment for the 31-day period from 5/15/01 to 6/15/01 using the formula:

Interest penalty = $400 x .09 x 31/365 = $3.06

Step 5. Add the amounts determined in Steps 2 and 4 ($7.15 + $3.06 = $10.21). This is the total interest penalty for the period 4/16/01 to 6/15/01.

Part II – Annualized Income Worksheet

Note: If you annualize for one period, you **must** annualize for **all** periods.

		a 1/01/01 3/31/01	b 1/01/01 5/31/01	c 1/01/01 8/31/01	d 1/01/01 12/31/01
1. **Cumulative** Federal Adjusted Gross Income (FAGI) for each period. Attach copy of the federal Annualized Income Worksheet, if filed for Federal purposes	1.				
2. Additions to FAGI (see line instructions)	2.				
3. Deductions from FAGI (see line instructions)	3.				
4. Ohio Adjusted Gross Income (OAGI) for each period; each column's line 1 plus line 2 minus line 3	4.				
5. Annualization factor	5.	4	2.4	1.5	
6. Annualized OAGI (line 4 times line 5 factor)	6.				
7. Exemptions (from 2001 IT-1040)	7.				
8. Annualized Ohio taxable Income (line 6 minus line 7)	8.				
9. Gross tax on annualized Ohio Taxable Income for each period (from table 1 or 2 of 2001 Form IT-1040 booklet)	9.				
10. Credits (see line instructions)	10.				
11. Tax (line 9 minus line 10). If line 10 is more than line 9, enter zero	11.				
12. Exemption credit (from 2001 IT-1040)	12.				
13. Tax after exemption credit (line 11 minus line 12). If line 12 is more than line 11, enter zero	13.				
14. Joint Filing credit (see line instructions)	14.				
15. Tax after joint filing credit (line 13 minus line 14). If line 14 is more than line 13, enter zero	15.				
16. Resident, nonresident, part-year resident tax credits, and non-refundable business credits (see line instructions)	16.				
17. Refundable business credits (see line instructions)	17.				
18. Annualized Ohio Income Tax (line 15 minus lines 16 and 17). If less than zero, enter zero	18.				
19. Deannualization factor	19.	22.5%	45%	67.5%	
20. For columns (a) through (c), multiply line 18 by line 19. For column (d), enter the amount from Part I, line 2	20.				
21. Deannualized adjustment for first $500	21.	$125	$250	$375	$500
22. Line 20 minus line 21. If line 21 is more than line 20, enter zero	22.				
23. Multiply the amount on line 7, page 1, by the percentage indicated in each column of line 8, page 1	23.				
24. Enter the smaller of line 22 or line 23 here and on Part I, line 8	24.				

INSTRUCTIONS

Part II – Annualized Income Worksheet Instructions

Note: If you annualize for one period, you **mus**t annualize for **all** periods.

If your income varied during the taxable year you may be able to lower or eliminate the amount of your required installment for one or more due dates by using the annualized income installment method. For example, an owner of a Christmas tree lot who receives most of his/her income toward the end of the year might benefit by using this method. The annualized income installment may be less than your installment under the regular method for one or more due dates, thereby lowering or eliminating the interest penalty for those due dates.

The following instructions provide basic information for the Annualized Income Worksheet. However, you may need to refer to your "Ohio Income Tax Return and Instructions" booklet for additional information regarding additions to Federal Adjusted Gross Income "(FAGI)", deductions from FAGI, and credits. Attach schedules and documentation as necessary to support the amounts reported.

The time periods listed in each column are **cumulative**. That is, the amounts in columns (b), (c) and (d) include amounts for all previous periods in the taxable year. Also, note that the ending dates of 5/31/01 and 8/31/01 for columns (b) & (c) do not reflect quarterly ending dates.

Lines 2 & 3 Refer to Schedule A of your 2001 Ohio Form IT-1040 and the related instructions. If in determining Ohio Adjusted Gross Income (OAGI) you made Schedule A adjustments to FAGI, enter the cumulative additions and cumulative deductions that apply to each period.

Line 10 Refer to Schedule B of your 2001 IT-1040 and the instructions booklet to determine if the following credits apply to you: Retirement Income Credit, Lump Sum Retirement Income Credit, Senior Citizen Credit, Lump Sum Distribution Credit, the Child and Dependent Care Credit, Displaced Workers Job Training Credit, Political Campaign Contribution Credit and the Adoption Credit.

For the Retirement Income Credit and the Lump Sum Retirement Income Credit, which are credits based upon qualifying retirement income, you must **annualize** the qualifying income for the period by multiplying it by the appropriate annualization factor. For example, assume that John and Mary Brown are retired and file a joint return. Between 1/1/01 and 3/3/01 John and Mary received $3,000 of income that qualified for the Retirement Income Credit. In determining their Retirement Income Credit for the period 1/1/01 to 3/31/01 (Column (a), John and Mary must multiply the qualifying income for that period by the line 5 annualization factor for that period ($3,000 X 4 = $12,000). John and Mary may claim a credit of $200 on line 10, column (a) because the annualized amount of qualifying retirement income ($12,000) is over $8.000. (See the table in IT-1040 instructions booklet). If John and Mary had instead received $2,500 of qualifying retirement income during the period 1/1/01 to 5/31/01, John and Mary would multiply the qualifying income received during the period 1/1/01 to 5/31/01 by the line 5 annualization factor for column (b) $2,500 X 2.4 = $6,000. John and Mary could claim a credit of $130 on line 10, column (b) because the annualized amount of qualifying retirement income is over $5,000 but not more than $8,000.

If you received a "lump sum distribution" during a period, see the "Ohio Individual Income Tax Lump Sum Instruction" pamphlet to determine if you qualify for the Lump Sum Retirement Income Credit or the Lump Sum Distribution Credit. The pamphlet also provides instructions and examples on how to compute those credits.

If you (or your spouse if filing a joint return) attained age 65 prior to January 1, 2002, enter in each period the $50 Senior Citizen Credit.

Line 14 Refer to the Joint Filing Credit instructions in your 2001 Ohio Form IT-1040. Compute the Joint Filing Credit "(JFC)" for a period only if in that period each spouse had at least $500 of **annualized** OAGI <u>excluding</u> interest, dividends, royalties, rents, and capital gains. (Annualize the qualifying income for each period by multiplying it by the appropriate annualization factor for the period from line 5 of the Worksheet.) For each period to which the JFC applies, multiply the amount on line 13 of the Worksheet by the applicable JFC percentage. Determine the applicable JFC percentage for each period based upon **annualized** Ohio Taxable Income for the period shown on line 8 of this Worksheet.

Line 16 Refer to Schedules C, D, and E of your 2001 Ohio IT-1040 and the related instructions from the 2001 instructions booklet to determine if these credits apply. You may claim the credit(s) for a period only if during that period you have income that qualifies for the credit.

If the Resident Credit applies to a period, multiply the amount on line 15 of this Worksheet by a fraction the numerator of which is the portion of the OAGI for the period subjected to tax by another state or the District of Columbia and the denominator of which is the OAGI for the period. However, the resident credit cannot exceed the tax actually paid to other states. If the Nonresident/Part-Year Resident Credit applies, multiply the amount on line 15 of this Worksheet by the fraction the numerator of which is the portion of the OAGI for the period that was not earned or received in Ohio and the denominator of which is the OAGI for the period.

If the Nonrefundable Business Credit applies to a period, enter the amount from line 5 of Ohio Schedule E-2.

Line 17 If you qualified for and claimed the Refundable Business Credits on your 2001 Ohio IT-1040, line 20, or IT-4708, line 16, enter in each column of this line the total credit claimed.